

University of Wisconsin - Madison College of Engineering [EGR] Last Offered: 2013 Fall [1142] Direct Link to this Syllabus:

http://aefis.engr.wisc.edu/index.cfm/page/CourseAdmin.ViewABET?coursecatalogid=236&pdf=True

- 1. B M E 463, Computers in Medicine
- 2. Credits: 3 Contact Hours: 4.7
- 3. Textbook and Materials:

Biomedical Digital Signal Processing. Tompkins, Willis J., Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall, 1993. Out of print (available as pdf on eCOW2 web site.)

a. **Other Supplemental Materials**: Lab Manual used for laboratory portion of course (available on eCOW2 web site).

Lab software: A MATLAB version of software called UW DigiScope (version 3.0) developed for this course is used for labs (available on eCOW2 web site).

- Specific Course Information :
- a. **Brief description of the content of the course (Course Catalog Description)**: Study of microprocessor-based medical instrumentation. Emphasis on real-time analysis of electrocardiograms. Labs and programming project involve design of biomedical digital signal processing algorithms.
- b. Pre-requisites or Co-requisites: ECE 330, Comp Sci 302
- c. Selected Elective
- Specific Goals for the Course :
- a. Course Outcomes:
 - 1. Design and implement linear digital filters including integer-coefficient filters for processing biomedical signals including electrocardiograms
 - 2. Write software for analyzing biomedical signals to find clinically-significant features like the QRS complex in the ECG.
 - 3. Apply template-matching techniques to biomedical feature recognition.
 - 4. Implement algorithms designed specifically for biomedical signal data reduction.
- ABET Student Learning Outcomes :
 - (a) Ability to apply mathematics, science and engineering principles.
 - (c) Ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs.
 - (e) Ability to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems.
 - (k) Ability to use the techniques, skills and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.
- **Program Specific Student Outcomes**: (1) Understanding of biology and physiology as related to biomedical engineering needs.

- (2) Ability to apply knowledge of advanced mathematics (including differential equations and statistics), sciences, and engineering to solve problems at the interface of engineering and biology and to model biological systems
- Brief List of Topics to be Covered:

Electrocardiographic instrumentation concepts. Biomedical digital signal acquisition. Digital filter design including integer-coefficient filters. Signal averaging techniques for biomedical applications. Data reduction techniques for ECGs and other biomedical signals. QRS complex filter design. ECG analysis systems